

technical parameters, installation and debugging, common troubleshooting, and other related content of the product. In order to ensure that the equipment can be successfully installed and safely operated, please read this manual carefully before installing and debugging the equipment. And the installation and debugging should be strictly according to the specified steps on the manual to avoid unnecessary damage to equipment or accident harm to the operator. Any questions, please contact with us in time.

Special Tips:

- ErYb Co-doped Fiber Amplifier is high end professional equipment, and its installation and debugging must be operated by special technician. Read this manual carefully before operating to avoid damage to equipment caused by fault operation or accident harm to the operator.
- While the fiber amplifier is working, there is an invisible laser beam from the optical output adapter on the front panel. Avoiding permanent harm to the body and eye, the optical output should not aim at the human body and human should not look directly at the optical

output with the naked eye!

- Please make sure that the ground terminal of the case and power outlet has been reliably grounding before turning on the power (Grounding resistance should be $<4\Omega$) to prevent the static damage the pump laser device and harm to human because of case charged.
- To ensure the equipment can work stable over a long time, in voltage unsteady or poor voltage wave region, it's recommend to the customer that he equips special AC regulated power supply, or even AC uninterrupted power supply (UPS) system for conditional users. In the region with large temperature variation environment (The equipment's ideal work environment temperature is 25°C) or bad room environment, it's recommend to the customer that he equips special air-condition system to improve the work environment.

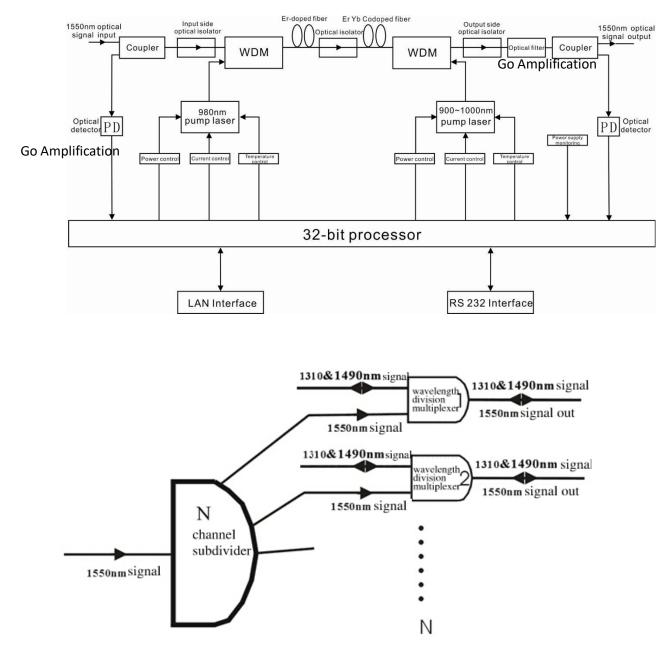
1. Application

- Single-mode fiber 1550amplification network
- FTTHnetwork
- CATVnetwork
- Long distance trunk network.FTTx PON, max working wavelength: 1529.16~1563.86nm.
- All kinds of SDH/PDH transmission system.

2. Performance Characteristics

- Built-in opticalFWDM, it can transmit broadband network and CATV together.
- Adopts ErYb Co-doped double-clad fiber technology;
- CATV input ports: 1 optional
- OLT input ports:4-32 optional
- Com Output ports: 4-32 optional;
- Optical output power: total output up to 15W(41dBm);
- Low noise figure: <6dB when input is 0dBm;
- Perfect network management interface, in line with standard SNMP network management;
- Intelligent temperature control system makes the power consumption lower;

3. Block diagram



Internal integrated FWDM structure

4. Technical Parameter

4.1 Technical Parameter

ltem		Unit	Technique parameters	Remark
Operating ba	ndwidth	nm	1545 - 1565	
Optical input range	•	dBm	-3 - +10	Max range: -10-+10
Optical Switch	ning time	ms	≤ 5	
Maximum o output po	•	dBm	41	
Output power	r stability	dBm	±0.5	
Noise fig	Noise figure		≤ 6.0	Optical input power 0dBm, λ=1550nm
Return loss	Input	dB	≥ 45	
	Output	dB	≥ 45	
			CATV IN:SC/APC,	
Optical Con Type			PON:SC/PC OR LC/PC	
			COM:SC/APC OR LC/APC	
PON to CON insertion	-		≤ 1.0	dBm
C/N		dB	≥ 50	Test condition
С/СТВ		dB	≥ 63	according to
C/CSO		dB	≥ 63	GT/T 184-2002.
Power supply voltage		V	A:AC100V - 260V	
	tonage	v	(50 Hz~60Hz)	

		B:DC48V(50 Hz~60Hz)	
		C:DC12V(50 Hz~60Hz)	
Operating temperature range	°C	-10 - +42	
Maximum operating relative humidity	%	Max 95% no condensation	
Maximum storage relative humidity	%	Max 95% no condensation	
Dimension	mm	483(L) × 440(W) × 88(H)	

4.2 Model and Power Comparison Table

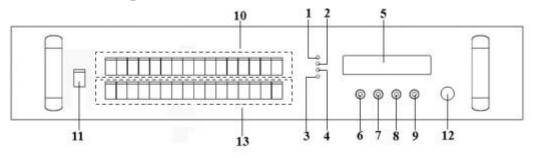
Model	Total output power dBm	Output ports number	Output power per port dBm	ADD WDM
EYA-4 -18	25	4	18	17
EYA-4 -19	26	4	19	18
EYA-4 -20	27	4	20	19
EYA-4 -21	28	4	21	20
EYA-4 -22	29	4	22	21
EYA-4 -23	30	4	23	22
EYA-4 -24	31	4	24	23
EYA-8 -15	25	8	15	14
EYA-8 -16	26	8	16	15
EYA-8 -17	27	8	17	16
EYA-8 -18	28	8	18	17
EYA-8 -19	29	8	19	18
EYA-8 -20	30	8	20	19
EYA-8 -21	31	8	21	20
EYA-8 -22	32	8	22	21
EYA-8 -23	34	8	23	22
EYA-16 -15	29	16	15	14
EYA-16 -16	30	16	16	15
EYA-16 -17	31	16	17	16
EYA-16 -18	32	16	18	17
EYA-16 -19	33	16	19	18

EYA-16 -20	34	16	20	19
EYA-16 -21	35	16	21	20
EYA-16 -22	36	16	22	21
EYA-32 -15	32	32	15	14
EYA-32 -16	33	32	16	15
EYA-32 -17	34	32	17	16
EYA-32 -18	35	32	18	17
EYA-32 -19	36	32	19	18
EYA-32 -20	37	32	20	19
EYA-32 -21	38	32	21	20
EYA-32 -22	39	32	22	21
EYA-32 -23	40	32	23	22
EYA-32 -24	41	32	24	23

From PON Port to COM Port have 1dBm insert loss& 1310nm and 1490nm.

5. External Function Description

5.1 Front Panel Description



Schematic diagram of the front panel

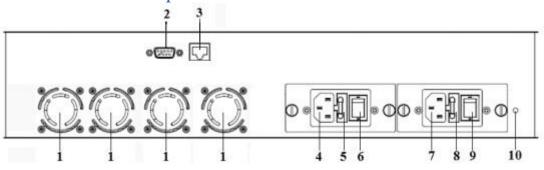
- 1) Power indicator: One switching power supply is working yellow; two switching power supplies are working green.
- 2) Optical input power indicator : This light turns on when the optical input power is > 10dBm.
- 3) Pump working status indicator: Red light means the pump is not working, but the machine parameters are normal; flashing red light means the machine has broken down, related fault reason see the alarm menu of the display menu; green light means the pump is

working normal.

- Optical output power indicator: This light turns on when the optical output power is > +10dBm.
- 5) 160×32 dot-matrix LCD screen: used to display all the parameters of the machine.
- 6) Display the exit or cancel key of the setup menu.
- 7) Display the up or increase key of the setup menu.
- 8) Display the down or decrease key of the setup menu.
- 9) Display the enter key of the setup menu.
- **10**) Optical signal output: This interface is the optical signal output port of the device. The default connector type is SC/APC; the port number is 4-32 optional. Other specification requirements are specified by the customer.

Warning: There is an invisible laser beam from this port while working normal. So the port should not be aligned to the human body or the naked eye to avoid accidental injury.

- **11**) Optical signal input: The default connector type is SC/APC. Other specification requirements are specified by the customer.
- 12) Pump laser switching key: used to control the working status of pump laser. "ON" means the pump laser is open and "OFF" means the pump laser is closed. Ensure the key is on "OFF" position before power on. After passing self-test, rotate the key to "ON" position according to the displayed message.
- 5.2 Rear Panel Description

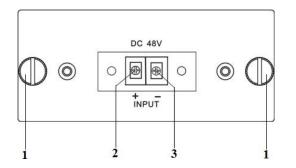


Schematic diagram of the rear panel

- **1)** Fan outlet.
- 2) RS232 interface: Used for configuring the network management parameters.
- 3) LAN interface: correspond to IEEE802.3 10Base-T, used for network management.
- 4) The AC 220V input port of power supply 1.
- 5) The fuse of power supply 1.
- 6) The switch of power supply 1.
- 7) The AC220V input port of power supply 2.
- 8) The fuse of power supply 2.
- 9) The switch of power supply 2.

10) Ground stud of the chassis: used for the connection of device and ground wire.

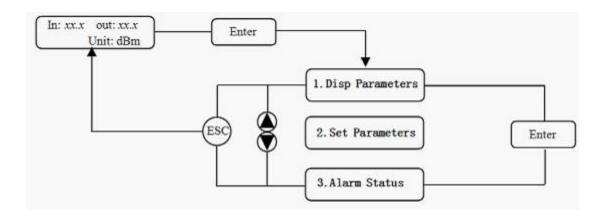
5.2.1 DC Power Module Introduction



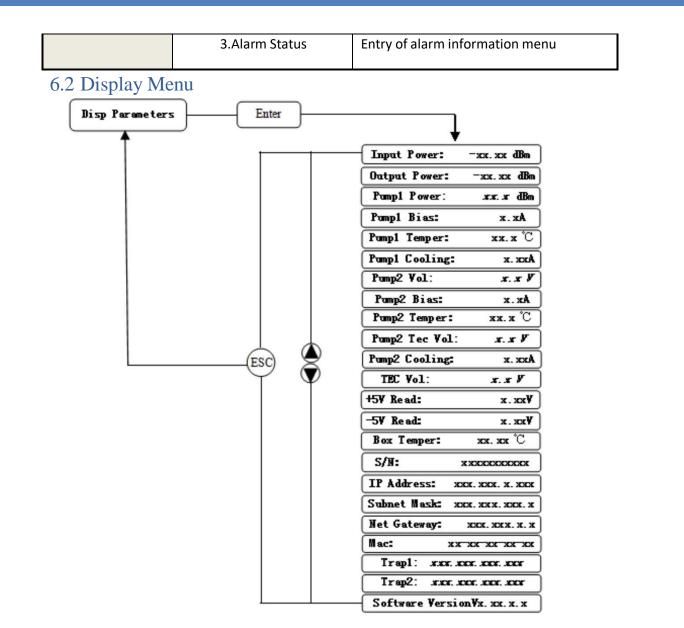
1	Mounting screws	2	+ Positive terminal block	3	- Negative terminal block
			Sider		biocit

6. Menu System

6.1 Main Menu



Name	Display	Description	
	xxxxxx	Manufacturers' logo	
System Starting	xxxxxx	Equipment model	
	<i>xxxxxx</i>	Start countdown / lock status	
Suspend Page	In: xx.xout: xx.x	Display the optical input / output power	
	Unit: dBm	-p - y	
Main Page	1. Disp Parameters	Entry of parameter display menu	
	2.Set Parameters	Entry of parameter setup menu	



	Input Power: xx.x dBm	Input power, accurate to 0.1 dBm	
	Output Power: xx.x dBm	Output power, accurate to 0.1 dBm	
	Pump1 Power: xx.xdBm	Power of pump1, accurate to 0.1 dBm	
	Pump1 Bias: x.x A	Bias current of pump1, accurate to 0.1 A	
1.Disp Parameters	Pump1 Temper: xx.x°C	Temperature of pump1, accurate to0.1°C	
	Pump1 Cooling: <i>x.xx A</i>	Cooling current of pump1, accurate to 0.01 A	
	Pump2 Vol: <i>x.x V</i>	Drive voltage of pump2, accurate to 0.1 V	
	Pump2 Bias: <i>x.x A</i>	Bias current of pump2, accurate to 0.1 A	

* Pump2 Temper: xx.x °C	Temperature of pump2, accurate to 0.1 °C
* Pump2 Tec Vol: <i>x.x V</i>	Cooling voltage of pump2, accurate to 0.1 V
* Pump2 Cooling: <i>x.xx A</i>	Cooling current of pump2, accurate to 0.01 A
* TEC Vol: <i>x.x V</i>	The first stage voltage of pump2 cooler, <i>0.1</i>
+5V Read: <i>x.x V</i>	+5V power supply voltage , accurate to 0.1 V
-5V Read: - <i>x.x V</i>	-5V power supply voltage , accurate to 0.1 V
Box Temper: <i>xx.x</i> °C	Box temperature, accurate to 0.1 °C
S/N: xxxxxxx	Device serial number
IP Address: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	IP address
Subnet Mask:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Subnet mask
Net Gateway:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Gateway
Mac: xxxxxxxxxxxx	Physical address
Trap1: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	trap1 address
Trap2: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	trap2 address
Software Version: Vx.xx.x.x	Firmware version number

The ultra high power output EDFA no the "*" menu.

6.3 Setup Menu

Set Parameters Enter	_			
T(Set Low Input Threshold	Esc	X. X dBm) 🏶
	Set High Input Threshold	Esc	X. X dBm) 🗘
	Set Output ATT	Enter	X.X dB) 💲
	Set Local IP Addr	Esc	XXX . XXX. XXX. XXX) 💲
(ESC) 🖉	Set Subnet Mask	ESC	xxx. xxx. xxx) 💲
ψ	Set Gateway	ESC	xxx. xxx. xxx. xxx) 🏶
	Set Trap1 Address	Esc	xxx. xxx. xxx. xxx) 🏶
	Set Trap2 Address	Enter	xxx. xxx. xxx. xxx) 🕯 🛛
	Set Buzzer Cfg	Esc	YES NO] 🖁
	Restore Factory Config	Esc	YES NO) 🏶

	Set Low Input Threshold	Set the low optical input power alarm threshold, range -3.0~10.0dBm	
	Set High Input Threshold	Set the high optical input power alarm threshold , range -3.0~10.0dBm	
	*Set Output ATT	Set the optical output power attenuation	
	Set Local IP Addr	Set IP address	
2.Set Parameters	Set Subnet Mask	Set subnet mask	
	Set Gateway	Set gateway	
	Set Trap1 Address	Set trap1	
	Set Trap2 Address	Set trap2	
	Set Buzzer cfg	Set the switch of beeper	
	Restore Factory config	Restore the factory configurationset content as shown above	

The ultra-high-power output EDFA no the "*" menu.

6.4 Warning menu

0.+ waning in	Ciiù		
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low optical input power alarm
	Input Status: <i>xxx</i>	xxx=LOW:	Low optical input power alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High optical input power alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high optical input power alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low optical output power alarm
	Output Status: xxx	xxx=LOW:	Low optical output power alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High optical output power alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high optical output power alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low power of pump x alarm
	Pumpx Power: <i>xxx</i>	xxx=LOW:	Low power of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High power of pump x alarm
3.Alarm Status		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high power of pump x alarm
S.Aldrin Status	Pumpx Bias: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low bias current of pump x alarm
		xxx=LOW:	Low bias current of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High bias current of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high bias current of pump x alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low temperature of pump x alarm
	Pumpx Temper: <i>xxx</i>	xxx=LOW:	Low temperature of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High temperature of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high temperature of pump x alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low cooling current of pump x alarm
	Pumpx Tec: <i>xxx</i>	xxx=LOW:	Low cooling current of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIGH.	High cooling current of pump x alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high cooling current of pump x alarm

		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low +5V DC power supply alarm
	+5V Status: xxx	xxx= LOW:	Low +5V DC power supply alarm
		xxx= HIGH:	High +5V DC power supply alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high +5V DC power supply alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low -5V DC power supply alarm
	-5V Status: xxx	xxx= LOW:	Low -5V DC power supply alarm
	-5V Status. XXX	xxx= HIGH:	High -5V DC power supply alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high -5V DC power supply alarm
		xxx= LOLOW:	Very low chassis temperature alarm
	Device Temper: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= LOW:	Low chassis temperature alarm
		xxx= HIGH:	High chassis temperature alarm
		xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high chassis temperature alarm

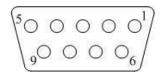
6.4 Warning menu

liu		
Alnput Optical: xxx	xxx=LOW:	Optical switch Low input power alarm
	xxx= HIGH.	Optical switch High input power alarr
	xxx=LOW:	Optical switch Low input power alarm
B Input Optical: xxx	xxx= HIGH.	Optical switch High input power alarr
	xxx=LOW:	Optical switch Low input RF alarm
AInput RF: xxx	xxx= HIGH.	Optical switch High input RF alarm
	xxx=LOW:	Optical switch Low input power alarn
B Input RF: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= HIGH.	Optical switch High input power alarr
	xxx=LOW:	EdfaLow optical input power alarm
Input Status: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= HIGH.	EdfaHigh optical input power alarm
Outout Status www	xxx=LOW:	Low optical output power alarm
Output Status: xxx	xxx= HIGH.	High optical output power alarm
	xxx=LOW:	Low bias current of pump x alarm
Pumpx Bias: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= HIGH.	High bias current of pump x alarm
	xxx=LOW:	Low temperature of pump x alarm
Pumpx Temper: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= HIGH.	High temperature of pump x alarm
	xxx=LOW:	Low cooling current of pump x alarm
Pumpx Tec: xxx	xxx= HIGH.	High cooling current of pump x alarm
	xxx=LOW:	Low +5V DC power supply alarm
+5V Status: <i>xxx</i>	xxx= HIGH.	High +5V DC power supply alarm
-5V Status: xxx	xxx=LOW:	Low -5V DC power supply alarm
	xxx= HIGH.	High -5V DC power supply alarm

7. Communication Setup Descriptions

7.1 Communication Interface Description

 RS232 communication interface Adopt DB9 standard connector, the pin definitions as follow:

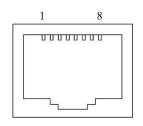


1: No Connect	2: TX	3: RX
4: No Connect	5: GND	6: No Connect

The serial communication uses the sscom App, bit and the baud rate is19200.

	COM Settings	Display	Send Data	Multi_Strings	Tools	Help	▲PCB打样降至每款	30元顺丰包邮!	【嘉立创官网】	
eari	Data OpenFile					Sendi	ile Stop ClearSen	onTop ⊽ Er	nglish <mark>SaveConfig</mark> I	ext _
	and an other statements		al C 🔽 🔽 }	EXShow Savel)ata		Vile Stop ClearSen dToFile SendHEX [-	and the second s	
n Num	and an other statements	-to-Seria			_	Receive	and the second s	SendEvery: 100	0 ms/Tim∏ AddCr	
1.Num 0	COM4 Z-TEK USE)-to-Seria More Sa			_	Receive	edToFile 🔽 SendHEX 🗆	SendEvery: 100	0 ms/Tim∏ AddCr	
Num 0 RTS 更好	COM4 Z-TEK USE penCom C 了 DTR BaudR 子地发展SSCOM软(Hore So More So at 19200			_	Receive	edToFile 🔽 SendHEX 🗆	SendEvery: 100	0 ms/Tim∏ AddCr	
Num O RTS 更好	COM4 Z-TEK USB penCom C DTR BaudR T DTR BaudR H地发展SSCON软(H嘉立创F结尾客)	Hore Serie More Serie at 19200	ettings 🔽 S T	Show Time and I	Packe O	Receiv er VerTime:	edToFile 🔽 SendHEX 🗆	SendEvery: 100 末尾 ▼Verify	0 ms/Tim∏ AddCr None 👤	Lf _1

2) LAN communication interface Adopt RJ45 standard connector, the pin definitions as follow:



LAN

1: TX+	2: TX-	3: RX+
4: No Connect	5: No Connect	6: RX-

🤕 Hfc Network Management System					– 0 ×
Operator Tool Setting Help					
🔁 🚯 📾 🥩 Up Beep Cal Print					
Frame	List		🚺 NewAlarms	HistoryAlarms	
AFCNms	IP MAC	Type Onli E	quipment Description	Serial Number	
	AddNew Transpon	ler	×		
	Ip Address	192.168.0.101	ОК		
	Communuty(Read)	public	ancel		
	Community(Write)				
👖 HFC Network Management System					🔵 162 🖪 Administrator[Admin] 🄢 2019-01-02



 IP
 MAC
 Type
 Onli...
 Equipment Description
 Serial Number

 Image: Transponder Property-[OA] \\HFCNms\192.168.0.101:161
 Image: Transponder Property-[OA] \\HFCNms\192.168.0.101:161
 Image: Transponder Property-[OA] \\HFCNms\192.168.0.101:161

Normal Advance Remark

							DisablePollin
		DeviceTable	ModelNo	SerialNo	IntTemp(C)	DeviceFW	
		Channel1	EYA1550-64*19dBm-FWDM-OS	JF519010301	30	V1.0.1	OK
		oaPumpTable	PumpBIAS(mA) PumpTEC(A)		_		Cancel
		Channel1	671 0.57	25.2			
		Channel2	772 1.00	25.0			
		Channel3	870 1.00	25.0			📐
		DC Ruman V.	ltage(V) Name				💌
		DC Power Vol Channel1 4.4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				Major Alarn
Description	EYA1550-64*19dBm-FWDM-OS	Channell 4.					,
Administrator	sysContact						
NE Name	HFC-0A With OSW	OpAmpInputTal		ntrol SwitchS	tate		
Location	sysLocation	Channel1	Automatic PathA	PathA			
Device detail	HFC-OA		1 1) a . a p	m1 1 1 1	(In) In	
Cover Status	Compromised	OpÅmpInputTal Channel1	ble InputOpticalLevel(dB 2.6	m) SetInputro -10.0	werThreshold		
Internal Temp(C)		Channell Channel2	1.5	-10.0		Normal Normal	
)utputlPower(dBm)			1.0	10.0		normal	
Input/Power(dBm)						<u> </u>	
OnOffControl		OpAmpInputTal	ole OpticalLevel(dBm) O	utputDescripti	on		
	llen.	Channeli		ath A			

7.2.2 Support web browsing SNMP function Uername:Admin Password:123456

				- 0
A http://192.168.0.101/ A http://192.168.0.101		- X	Search	ନ ଲିରିହି
C Waiting for 192.168.0.101 ×				
	Windows Security	Х		
	iexplore			
	The server 192.168.0.101 is asking for your user name and password. The server reports that it is from Embedded WEB Manager.			
	Warning: Your user name and password will be sent using basic authentication on a connection that isn't secure.			
	用户名			
	密码			
	□ 记住我的凭据			
	OK Cancel			
	UK Cancel			

Device Status:

SNMP Agent WEB Manager

Device Status		Serial Number	JF51	9010301		
Device Settings		Internal Temprature	28.8		°C	
Alarm Status		Input Power	1.5		dBm	
Alarm Properties		Output Power	19.4		dBm	
Network Settings		DC Power +5V	4.8		V	
Change Password		DC Power -5V	-4.8		V	
-		Switch Source	Optic	al signal		
Reset Settings		Switch Mode	Auto	matic		
		Switch Position	Path	A		
	Index	Optical Input Powe	r	Optical Thres	hold	Description
	1	1.6 dBm		-10.0 dBm	ı	Path A
	2	2.1 dBm		-10.0 dBm	ı	Path B
	Index	RF Level		RF Thresho	d	Description

Device Settings:

	SNMP Agent WEB	Vanager
Device Status	Device Settings	
Douise Settings	PUMP Status:	PUMP ON V
Device Settings	Set Output:	19.5 dB
Alarm Status	Switch Source:	Optical signal \sim
Alarm Properties	Switch Mode:	Automatic ~
Network Settings	Switch To:	Path A 🗸
Change Password	Optical Threshold:	-10.0 dBm
Reset Settings	RF Threshold:	0 dBuV
		Submit

Alarm Status

SNMP Agent WEB Manager -Alarm Status Device Status Device Settings Index Parameter Name Alarm Status Output optical power Nominal Alarm Status Input optical power Nominal Alarm Properties Box Temp Nominal Network Settings Pump1 BIAS Nominal Pump2 BIAS Nominal Change Password Pump1 TEC Nominal Reset Settings Pump2 TEC Nominal Pump1 Temp Nominal

Pump2 Temp

DC +5V

DC -5V

Nominal

Nominal

Nominal

Alarm Properties

SNMP Agent WEB Manager

-Alarm Properties-

Device Status

Device Settings

Alarm Status

Alarm Properties

Network Settings

Change Password

Reset Settings

Index	Parameter Name	ніні	н	LO	LOLO	Deadband	Action
1	Output optical power (dBm)	27.0	26.0	✓ 11.0	✓ 10.0	1.0	Set
2	Input optical power (dBm)	√ 10.0	⊻ 8.0	√ -5.0	√ -10.0	1.0	Set
3	Box Temp (`C)	✔ 85	70	V 0	√ -5	2	Set
4	Pump1 BIAS (mA)	✓ 1200	✓ 1000	✓ 100	⊘ 80	10	Set
5	Pump2 BIAS (mA)	✓ 1200	✓ 1000	✓ 100	√ 80	10	Set
6	Pump1 TEC (A)	2.00	✓ 1.50	✓ -1.50	✓ -2.00	0.10	Set
7	Pump2 TEC (A)	2.00	☑ 1.50	√ -1.50	✔ -2.00	0.10	Set
8	Pump1 Temp (`C)	✔ 35.0	30.0	20.0	✓ 15.0	1.0	Set
9	Pump2 Temp (`C)	☑ 35.0	☑ 30.0	20.0	☑ 15.0	1.0	Set
10	DC +5V (V)	✔ 6.5	☑ 6.0	 ✓ 4.0 	3.5	0.2	Set
11	DC -5V (V)	✔ -3.5	⊻ -4.0	√ -6.0	✔ -6.5	0.2	Set
Index	F	arameter Nan	ne			Control	Action

Network Settings

Contraction of the second seco	SNMP Agent WEB N	Manager
Device Status	Network Settings	
Device Settings	Device MAC:	00 : B9 : A0 : 12 : 10 : 8C
Alarm Status	Update Identifier:	OA143SE01
	Agent Version:	V1.0.0
Alarm Properties	Static IP Address:	192]. 168]. 0. 101
Network Settings	Subnet Mask:	255]. 255]. 255]. 0
Change Password	Default Gateway:	192. 168. 0. 1
Reset Settings	Trap Address 1:	255]. 255]. 255]. 255
	Trap Address 2:	
	Trap Address 3:	
	Trap Address 4:	0.0.0.0
	Trap Address 5:	
	Trap Address 6:	
	Trap Address 7:	0.0.0.0
	Trap Address 8:	
	Read Community:	public
	Write Community:	public
	Trap Community:	public
	SNMP Version:	
		Save

Change Password

	SNMP Agent WEB Manager
Device Status Device Settings Alarm Status Alarm Properties Network Settings Change Password Reset Settings	Change Password Username: Password: New Username: New Password: Confirm Password: Submit Reset
g.	

Reset Settings

-	SNMP Agent WEB Manager
Device Status Device Settings Alarm Status	Restore settings and Reboot device Reboot device Reboot device
Alarm Properties Network Settings Change Password Reset Settings	Restore factory settings Warning!! Click the restore button, all parameters will be restored to factory default.
	Restore Net parameters: IP Address: 192.168.1.8 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Gateway Address: 192.168.1.1 TRAP Address 1: 192.168.1.200 TRAP Address 2: 255.255.255.255.255 User parameters: User name: admin Password: 123456

8. Installation debugging

8.1 Unpack and Check

- 1. Insure the package is not defaced. If it has any damage or water mark, please contact local agency or carrier.
- **2.** After unpacking, check equipments and accessories according to package list. Any question, please contact local agency or our company.
- **3.** If you think the equipment has been damaged, please don't electrify to avoid worse damage. Please contact local agency or our company in time.

8.2 Instruments and tools

- **1.** An optical power meter;
- 2. A digital multimeter;
- 3. A standard optical fiber test jumper (SC/APC);
- 4. Some absolute alcohol and medical cotton wool;

8.3 Installation steps

- Before installing the equipment, please read the <User's manual> carefully and install the equipment according to the <User's manual>. Note: For the man-made damage and other all consequence caused by error installation that not according to the <User's manual>, we will not be responsible and will not supply free warranty.
- **2.** Take out the device from the box; fix it to the rack and reliably grounding. (The grounding resistance must be $< 4\Omega$).
- **3.** Use the digital multimeter to check the supply voltage, make sure the supply voltage comply with the requirements and the switch key is on the "OFF" position. Then connect the power supply.
- **4.** Input the optical signal according to the display message. Turn the switch key to the "ON" position and observe the front panel LED status. After the pump working status indicator turn into green, the device is working normal. Then press the menu button on the front panel to check the working parameters.
- 5. Connect the optical power meter to the optical signal output end by the standard optical fiber test jumper, then measure the optical output power. Affirm the measured optical output power and the displayed power are the same and have reached the nominal value. (Affirm the optical power meter is on 1550nm wavelength test position; the optical fiber test jumper is the matched one and on the connector surface has no pollution.) Remove the standard optical fiber test jumper and optical power meter; connect the device to the network. So far, the device has been completely installed and debugged.

9. Clean and maintenance method of the optical fiber active

connector

In many times, we consider the decline of the optical power as the equipment faults, but actually it may be caused by that the optical fiber connector was polluted by dust or dirt. Inspect the fiber connector, component, or bulkhead with a fiberscope. If the connector is dirty, clean it with a cleaning technique following these steps:

- **1.** Turn off the device power supply and carefully pull off the optical fiber connector from the adapter.
- 2. Wash carefully with good quality lens wiping paper and medical absorbent alcohol cotton. If use the medical absorbent alcohol cotton, still need to wait 1~2 minutes after wash, let the connector surface dry in the air.
- **3.** Cleaned optical connector should be connected to optical power meter to measure optical output power to affirm whether it has been cleaned up.
- **4.** When connect the cleaned optical connector back to adapter, should notice to make force appropriate to avoid china tube in the adapter crack.
- 5. If the optical output power is not normal after cleaning, should pull off the adapter and clean the other connector. If the optical power still low after cleaning, the adapter may be polluted, clean it. (Note: Be carefully when pull off the adapter to avoid hurting inside fiber.)
- 6. Use compressed air or degrease alcohol cotton to wash the adapter carefully. When use compressed air, the muzzle aims at china tube of the adapter, clean the china tube with compressed air. When use degrease alcohol cotton, insert directions need be consistent, otherwise can't reach a good clean effect.

Special notice:

- a. In the process of clean the active optical fiber connector, you should avoid direct shining at eye, which will cause permanence burn!!!!
- b. Use proper energy to install the active optical connector, or the ceramic tape in the adaptor will lead to break. Once the ceramic tape is broken, the optical output power will decrease rapidly. And turn the active optical fiber connector slightly, the optical output power changes obviously.
- c. <u>Please operate the optical fiber under the condition of shut off the pump laser. Or the high output power will lead to burn the joint of the optical output fiber, which will cause the output power decrease.</u>

10. After-sales Service Description

- **1.** If the equipment fault is resulted from the users' improperly operation or unavoidable environment reasons, we will responsible maintenance but ask suitable material cost.
- 2. When the equipment breaks down, immediately contact local distributor.
- **3.** The site maintenance of the fault equipment must be operated by professional technicians to avoid worse damage.

Special notice: If the equipment has been maintained by users, we will not responsible free maintenance. We will ask suitable maintenance cost and material cost.

11. Disclaimer

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